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Survey of State Contribution Laws

Certain aggregate limits under state laws may be in jeopardy after *McCutcheon v. FEC*

Pay-to-play rules, sessional bans, lobbyist restrictions, and other special restrictions may also apply

This chart does not address all requirements for corporations to file reports as a result of making contributions, or contributions to certain administrative accounts that may be permissible

Corporate contributions to ballot measure committees are permissible

STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
Alabama	Unlimited.	Unlimited, except PAC-to-PAC (including PAC-to-party) transfers are prohibited with limited exceptions.	Unlimited.
Alaska	Prohibited.	Limited to \$1,000 per candidate per calendar year; \$2,000 per year to a joint campaign for governor and Lt. governor (effective February 28, 2021); and \$1,000 to a political party per calendar year.	Limited to \$500 per year to a candidate or PAC; \$1,000 per year to a joint campaign for governor and Lt. governor (effective February 28, 2021); and \$5,000 per year to any political party. Total non-resident contributions may not exceed \$20,000 for governor and Lt. governor candidates, \$5,000 for state senate candidates, and \$3,000 for state House candidates per year. Please note these non-resident contribution limits are the subject of litigation.

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Arizona	Contributions to candidates are prohibited, but contributions to parties and PACs are permissible and unlimited, though recipient parties and PACs may not use corporate contributions to contribute to candidates.	<p>A corporation's payment of its connected PAC's administrative expenses is not a contribution and thus is not reportable.</p> <p>Contributions to political parties and PACs are unlimited. PACs qualifying as "mega PACs" are limited to \$10,600 per statewide candidate or legislative candidate and \$13,100 per local candidate (including judges in 13 counties) per election cycle (meaning the two-year election cycle for state candidates, and the primary and general together for local candidates). Note state judges and judges in two counties are appointed. The PAC must provide a certification of its mega PAC status with its contribution.</p> <p>A PAC must have 500 or more individuals contributing at least \$10 in the four-year period prior to applying to become a "mega" PAC to contribute the above limits. If a PAC does not meet these requirements, the limits are the same as those for an individual.</p>	<p>Limited to \$5,300 per statewide candidate or legislative candidate and \$6,550 per local candidate (including judges in 13 counties) per election cycle (meaning the two-year election cycle for state candidates, and the primary and general together for local candidates).</p> <p>Contributions to political parties and PACs are unlimited.</p>
Arkansas	Contributions to candidates are prohibited. Limited to \$5,000 to a state PAC (including a county political party committee) per year. Contributions to political parties are unlimited.	Limited to \$2,800 per candidate per election; and \$5,000 to a state PAC (including a county political party committee) per year. Contributions to political parties are unlimited.	Limited to \$2,800 per candidate per election; and \$5,000 to a state PAC (including a county political party committee) per year. Contributions to political parties are unlimited.

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California	Contributions are limited to: \$4,900 per election to a state legislative candidate; \$32,400 per election to gubernatorial candidate; and \$8,100 per election to other statewide candidates (i.e., Lt. Gov., Atty. General., Ins. Comm'r, Controller, Secty. of State, Treasurer, Sup. of Public Instr., Board of Equalization). Contributions to local candidates are limited to \$4,900 per election in counties or cities that have not adopted local limits. May contribute up to \$40,500 to a state political party committee and \$8,100 to a state PAC per calendar year.	For current limits and restrictions, see discussion under corporate contributions.	For current limits and restrictions, see discussion under corporate contributions.

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Colorado	Prohibited from contributing to state and local (except home rule counties and municipalities which have laws addressing campaign finance) candidates and political parties. May contribute \$625 per two-year House of Representatives cycle to a PAC.	<p>Limited per election: \$625 to Governor and Lt. Governor jointly; \$625 to Secretary of State, State Treasurer or Attorney General; and \$200 to State Senator, State Representative, State Board of Education, University of Colorado regent, or District Attorney.</p> <p>Contributions to political parties are limited to \$4,025 in the aggregate per year at the state, county, district and local level combined, not to exceed \$3,350 per year at the state level. Contributions to candidates for county office are limited to \$1,250 per election (except home rule counties which have laws addressing campaign finance).</p>	<p>Limited per election: \$625 to Governor and Lt. Governor jointly; \$625 to Secretary of State, State Treasurer or Attorney General; and \$200 to State Senator, State Representative, State Board of Education, University of Colorado regent, or District Attorney.</p> <p>Contributions to political parties are limited to \$4,025 in the aggregate per year at the state, county, district and local level combined, not to exceed \$3,350 per year at the state level. Contributions to a PAC are limited to \$625 per two-year House of Representatives cycle. Contributions to candidates for county office are limited to \$1,250 per election (except home rule counties which have laws addressing campaign finance).</p>

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Connecticut	Prohibited.	<p>Limited to \$5,000 to governor; \$3,000 per candidate for other statewide offices; \$2,000 to sheriff; \$1,500 per candidate for state senator, probate judge or chief elected official of a municipality; \$750 per candidate for state representative; and \$375 to other municipal office candidate per election.</p> <p>Contributions from a PAC to all candidates may not aggregate to more than \$100,000 per election campaign (this aggregate limit includes both the primary and general elections).</p> <p>Limited to \$2,000 per year to another PAC; limited to \$7,500 per year to a state central committee and \$1,500 per year to a town committee. PACs may not contribute to candidates participating in the Citizens' Election Program.</p> <p>Note that contributions made by a PAC of a state contractor or lobbyist are subject to additional restrictions.</p>	<p>Limited to \$3,500 to governor; \$2,000 per candidate for other statewide offices; \$1,000 to sheriff or chief executive municipal officer; \$1,000 per candidate for state senator or probate judge; \$250 per candidate for state representative or other municipal office candidate per election. Limited to \$10,000 per year to a state party; \$2,000 per year to a town party; \$2,000 per year to a legislative caucus committee or legislative leadership committee; and \$1,000 per year to a PAC. Limited to an aggregate of \$30,000 per election campaign (this aggregate limit includes both the primary and general elections). The State Elections Enforcement Commission announced May 14, 2014 that this aggregate limit will no longer be enforced.</p> <p>Contributions to candidates participating in the Citizens' Election Program may not exceed \$250 for elections to statewide office, and \$270 for elections to the offices of state senator and state representative.</p> <p>Note that contributions made by lobbyists and certain officers and employees of a state contractor are subject to additional restrictions.</p>



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Delaware	Limited to \$1,200 per statewide candidate and \$600 per non-statewide candidate per election period (the primary and general election are considered separate election periods). \$20,000 per two-year election period to party committee. Corporate contributions to PACs are unlimited.	Limited to \$1,200 per statewide candidate and \$600 per non-statewide candidate per election period (under the law, the primary and general election are considered in the <i>same</i> election period for PAC contributions; however, the Board of Elections applies the PAC contribution limits as if the primary and general are <i>separate</i> elections each receiving their own limit). \$20,000 per two-year election period to party committee. Contributions to PACs are unlimited.	Limited to \$1,200 per statewide candidate and \$600 per non-statewide candidate per election period (the primary and general election are considered separate election periods). \$20,000 per two-year election period to party committee. Contributions to PACs are unlimited.

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District of Columbia	<p>Corporations may not contribute to candidates participating in the Fair Elections Program. For candidates not participating in the Fair Elections Program, corporations are limited to \$2,000 to mayor, \$1,500 to the Chairman of the City Council or Attorney General, \$1,000 for an At-Large Council Member, \$500 for the President of the Board of Education or a Ward Council Member, \$200 for a Board of Education Member elected from a school district or for an official of a political party, and \$5,000 to a political committee per election (primary and general are considered one election). \$8,500 in the aggregate to all candidates for a particular office and political committees per election, which includes both the primary and general elections. The Office of Campaign Finance informally advises this aggregate limit will no longer be enforced.</p> <p>A corporation contributing to a candidate, party, or PAC must inform the recipient of the identity of any affiliated entities (including parents, subsidiaries, sister companies, and PACs controlled by the corporation or its affiliates) which also contributed to the candidate, party, or PAC. A corporation must certify that its contribution, combined with those of its affiliates, does not exceed the applicable contribution limit.</p> <p>Contributions made by a corporation, its affiliates (parents, subsidiaries, and sister companies), and all PACs established, financed or maintained by the corporation and its affiliates share a single contribution limit.</p>	<p>PACs may not contribute to candidates participating in the Fair Elections Program. For candidates not participating in the Fair Elections Program, limited to \$2,000 to mayor, \$1,500 to the Chairman of the City Council or Attorney General, \$1,000 for an At-Large Council Member, \$500 for the President of the Board of Education or a Ward Council Member, \$200 for a Board of Education Member elected from a school district or for an official of a political party, and \$5,000 to a political committee per election (primary and general are considered one election). \$8,500 in the aggregate to all candidates for a particular office and political committees per election, which includes both the primary and general elections. The Office of Campaign Finance informally advises this aggregate limit will no longer be enforced.</p>	<p>For candidates not participating in the Fair Elections Program, limited to \$2,000 to mayor, \$1,500 to the Chairman of the City Council or Attorney General, \$1,000 for an At-Large Council Member, \$500 for the President of the Board of Education or a Ward Council Member, \$200 for a Board of Education Member elected from a school district or for an official of a political party, and \$5,000 to a political committee per election (primary and general are considered one election). \$8,500 in the aggregate to all candidates for a particular office and political committees per election, which includes both the primary and general elections. The Office of Campaign Finance informally advises this aggregate limit will no longer be enforced.</p> <p>Contributions to candidates participating in the Fair Elections Program are limited to \$200 to Mayor, Chairman of the Council, and Attorney General; \$100 to an at-large Council member; \$50 to a ward Council member or at-large Board of Education member; and \$20 to a ward Board of Education member per election cycle (primary and general together).</p>



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Florida	Limited to \$3,000 per statewide or Supreme Court candidate, or \$1,000 per legislative or local candidate (including judges) per election. Contributions to PACs and state party committees are unlimited.	Limited to \$3,000 per statewide or Supreme Court candidate, or \$1,000 per legislative or local candidate (including judges) per election. Contributions to PACs and state party committees are unlimited.	Limited to \$3,000 per statewide or Supreme Court candidate, or \$1,000 per legislative or local candidate (including judges) per election. Contributions to PACs and state party committees are unlimited.

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Georgia	<p>Limited to \$7,000 per election per statewide candidate (\$4,100 for runoff elections) and \$2,800 per election per non-statewide candidate (\$1,500 for runoff elections). Contributions made by affiliated corporations and affiliated PACs are aggregated for purposes of the limits. Further, contributions made by a PAC and its connected corporation are aggregated under circumstances where the corporation is deemed to control the PAC or where both the corporation and PAC are registered as PACs in the state. Contributions to party committees and PACs are unlimited.</p> <p><u>Special Rule for Regulated Corporations:</u> "Regulated" corporations are prohibited from contributing to offices regulating them. For instance, an insurance company doing business in the state is prohibited from giving a contribution to an Insurance Commissioner candidate or officeholder and a financial services company engaged in securities business in the state is prohibited from giving a contribution to a Secretary of State candidate or officeholder. This prohibition covers contributions by affiliates and PACs of a regulated corporation.</p>	<p>Limited to \$7,000 per election per statewide candidate (\$4,100 for runoff elections) and \$2,800 per election per non-statewide candidate (\$1,500 for runoff elections). See restriction on contributions by PACs of regulated corporations under the corporate contribution column. Contributions made by affiliated corporations and affiliated PACs are aggregated for purposes of the limits. Further, contributions made by a PAC and its connected corporation are aggregated under circumstances where the corporation is deemed to control the PAC or where both the corporation and PAC are registered as PACs in the state. Contributions to party committees and PACs are unlimited.</p>	<p>Limited to \$7,000 per election per statewide candidate (\$4,100 for runoff elections) and \$2,800 per election per non-statewide candidate (\$1,500 for runoff elections). Contributions to party committees and PACs are unlimited.</p>

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Hawaii	Limited to \$6,000 per candidate for four-year statewide office, \$4,000 per candidate for four-year non-statewide offices and \$2,000 per candidate for two-year office per election period (including both the primary and general elections); \$1,000 per PAC per election (primary and general treated as separate elections); and \$25,000 to a political party per two-year election period. Contributions from certain affiliated corporations and PACs are aggregated.	Limited to \$6,000 per candidate for four-year statewide office, \$4,000 per candidate for four-year non-statewide offices, \$2,000 per candidate for two-year office per election period (including both the primary and general elections); \$1,000 per PAC per election (primary and general treated as separate elections); and \$25,000 to a political party per two-year election period.	Limited to \$6,000 per candidate for four-year statewide office, \$4,000 per candidate for four-year non-statewide offices, \$2,000 per candidate for two-year office per election period (including both the primary and general elections); \$1,000 per PAC per election (primary and general treated as separate elections); and \$25,000 to a political party per two-year election period.
Idaho	Limited to \$5,000 per statewide candidate, and \$1,000 per non-statewide candidate per election. There are no limits on contributions to PACs or state parties.	Limited to \$5,000 per statewide candidate, and \$1,000 per non-statewide candidate per election. There are no limits on contributions to PACs or state parties.	Limited to \$5,000 per statewide candidate, and \$1,000 per non-statewide candidate per election. There are no limits on contributions to PACs or state parties.
Illinois	Corporations are limited to contributions of no more than \$12,000 per election cycle for any candidate committee (including judges) and \$24,000 per calendar year for a PAC or political party committee. If an individual or Super PAC makes independent expenditures in support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular candidate, in an aggregate amount of more than \$250,000 per natural person or Super PAC for statewide office, or \$100,000 for all other elective offices in an election cycle, or if	PACs are limited to contributions of no more than \$59,900 per election cycle for any candidate committee (including judges) and \$59,900 per calendar year for a PAC or political party committee. If an individual or Super PAC makes independent expenditures in support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular candidate, in an aggregate amount of more than \$250,000 per natural person or Super PAC for statewide office, or \$100,000 for all other elective offices in an election cycle, or if similar self-funding thresholds are	Individuals are limited to contributions of no more than \$6,000 per election cycle for any candidate committee (including judges) and \$12,000 per calendar year for a PAC or political party committee. If an individual or Super PAC makes independent expenditures in support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular candidate, in an aggregate amount of more than \$250,000 per natural person



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	similar self-funding thresholds are reached, then all candidates for that office in that election, including the candidate for whose benefit the independent expenditures were made, are permitted to accept unlimited contributions from corporations.	reached, then all candidates for that office in that election, including the candidate for whose benefit the independent expenditures were made, are permitted to accept unlimited contributions from PACs.	or Super PAC for statewide office, or \$100,000 for all other elective offices in an election cycle, or if similar self-funding thresholds are reached, then all candidates for that office in that election, including the candidate for whose benefit the independent expenditures were made, are permitted to accept unlimited contributions from individuals.

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Indiana	Per calendar year, limited to an aggregate of \$5,000 apportioned in any manner among all statewide candidates, an aggregate of \$5,000 apportioned in any manner among all state party committees, an aggregate of \$2,000 apportioned in any manner among all state senate candidates, an aggregate of \$2,000 apportioned in any manner among all state house candidates, an aggregate of \$2,000 apportioned in any manner among all state senate regular party committees, an aggregate of \$2,000 apportioned in any manner among all state house regular party committees, an aggregate of \$2,000 apportioned in any manner among all central committees other than state committees, and an aggregate of \$2,000 apportioned in any manner among all candidates for school board offices and local offices. Corporate contributions to a PAC must be earmarked to a category of candidates or committees and may not exceed the limits above.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Iowa	Prohibited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

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Kansas	Limited to \$2,000 to governor/lt. governor (jointly), \$2,000 per candidate for other statewide offices, \$1,000 per state senate or State Board of Education candidate, and \$500 per candidate for all other offices per election. Contributions to state party committees are limited to \$15,000 per year; contributions to other party committees are limited to \$5,000 per year. Contributions to PACs are unlimited.	Limited to \$2,000 to governor/lt. governor (jointly), \$2,000 per candidate for other statewide offices, \$1,000 per state senate or State Board of Education candidate, and \$500 per candidate for all other offices per election. Contributions to party committees are limited to \$5,000 per year. Contributions to PACs are unlimited.	Limited to \$2,000 to governor/lt. governor (jointly), \$2,000 per candidate for other statewide offices, \$1,000 per state senate or State Board of Education candidate, and \$500 per candidate for all other offices per election. Contributions to state party committees are limited to \$15,000 per year; contributions to other party committees are limited to \$5,000 per year. Contributions to PACs are unlimited.
Kentucky	Prohibited. This prohibition was enjoined on March 31, 2016, to the extent it treats corporations and LLCs unequally. However, the Kentucky Registry of Election Finance announced on April 22, 2016 that in its view corporate contributions to candidates and committees are still prohibited.	Limited to \$2,000 per state or local candidate (including judicial and school board) per election, \$5,000 to a state or local political party per calendar year, \$5,000 to a caucus campaign committee per calendar year, and \$2,000 to a state PAC per calendar year.	Limited to \$2,000 per state or local candidate (including judicial and school board) per election, \$5,000 to a state or local political party per calendar year, \$5,000 to a caucus campaign committee per calendar year, and \$2,000 to a state PAC per calendar year.

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Louisiana	Board authorization required. Limited to \$5,000 to "major office" candidates (e.g., candidates for statewide office and any candidate for office within an election district with greater than 250,000 population), \$2,500 to district candidates (e.g., legislative, parishwide, multi-parish, and other candidates for office in a district with a population greater than 35,000 but 250,000 or less), \$1,000 to any other office candidates, with an aggregate of \$100,000 to any party or PAC over a four-year cycle (ends 12/31/2022). Limits are per candidate per election. Contributions, loans and transfers are aggregated for purpose of limits. Contributions from certain affiliated corporations are aggregated.	Limited to \$5,000 for major office candidates, \$2,500 for district candidates, \$1,000 for any other office candidates. Limits are per candidate per election. Contributions, loans, and transfers are aggregated for purposes of limits. However, if a PAC has 250 members contributing at least \$50 each in the preceding calendar year, the limits are doubled. A political committee cannot contribute more than \$100,000 in any four-year election cycle to a recognized political party or committee thereof.	Limited to \$5,000 for major office candidates, \$2,500 for district candidates, \$1,000 for any other office candidates, with an aggregate of \$100,000 to any party or PAC over a four-year cycle (ends 12/31/2022). Limits are per candidate per election. Contributions, loans, and transfers are aggregated for purposes of limits.

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Maine	Limited to \$1,725 per candidate for governor, \$425 per legislative candidate, \$850 per county candidate, \$500 per municipal candidate (in municipalities with population of 15,000 or more), and \$850 per candidate for all other offices per election. Contributions from certain affiliated corporations are aggregated. Also, a corporate family and their PACs may have to share a limit under certain circumstances. Contributions to PACs and parties are unlimited.	Limited to \$1,725 per candidate for governor, \$425 per legislative candidate, \$850 per county candidate, \$500 per municipal candidate (in municipalities with population of 15,000 or more), and \$850 per candidate for all other offices per election. A corporate family and their PACs may have to share a limit under certain circumstances. Contributions to PACs and parties are unlimited.	Limited to \$1,725 per candidate for governor, \$425 per legislative candidate, \$850 per county candidate, \$500 per municipal candidate (in municipalities with population of 15,000 or more), and \$850 per candidate for all other offices per election. Total contributions to candidates per year may not exceed \$25,000. On June 4, 2014, the Maine Ethics Commission announced it would no longer enforce this aggregate limit. Contributions to PACs and parties are unlimited.
Maryland	A corporation is limited to \$6,000 per state, county or Baltimore City candidate (including judicial), political party committee or PAC per 4-year election cycle (from Jan. 1, 2019 to Dec. 31, 2022). Contributions made by affiliated corporations are aggregated for purposes of these limits. Please note the State Board of Elections announced on April 11, 2014 that the \$24,000 aggregate per 4-year election cycle limit is unconstitutional and no longer enforceable.	A state PAC may give up to \$6,000 per state, county, or Baltimore City candidate, party, or PAC per four-year election cycle, with no aggregate limit. Federal PAC same as corporate. Certain affiliated committees share the same limits.	Same as corporate.

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Massachusetts	Prohibited.	Limited to \$500 per candidate or PAC, and an aggregate of \$5,000 to all state and local party committees associated with a single political party per calendar year.	Limited to \$1,000 per candidate, \$500 to a PAC, and \$5,000 to all state and local party committees associated with a single political party per calendar year. Lobbyists are limited to \$200 per candidate, PAC, or party committee per calendar year. Please note that the aggregate individual contribution limit of \$12,500 was repealed on August 1, 2014.
Michigan	Prohibited.	Limited to \$71,500 to a candidate for statewide office, \$21,000 to state senator, and \$10,500 to state representative per election cycle (includes primary and general) (assuming PAC qualifies as an independent committee, i.e., receives contributions from 25 contributors, makes contributions to 3 candidates, and is in existence for 6 months prior to the election in which it intends to make a contribution. If the PAC does not meet these three criteria, the limits are the same as the limits for an individual). Contributions to parties and PACs are unlimited.	Limited to \$7,150 per candidate for statewide office, \$2,100 per candidate for state senate, and \$1,050 per state representative candidate per election cycle (includes primary and general). Contributions to parties and PACs are unlimited.

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Minnesota	Prohibited.	Limited to \$4,000 per election segment to Governor/Lt. Governor (\$2,000 per non-election segment); \$2,500 per election segment for attorney general (\$1,500 per non-election segment); \$2,000 per election segment for Secretary of State and State Auditor (\$1,000 per non-election segment); \$1,000 per election segment to state senate (\$1,000 per non-election segment); \$1,000 per election segment to state representative (no non-election segment); and \$2,500 per election segment to judicial candidate (\$2,500 per non-election segment). An election cycle runs from January 1 of an odd-numbered year to December 31 of the following year. If it contains a general election, it is an election segment, and if it does not, then it is a non-election segment. For local candidates (except judges), limited to \$250 in a non-election year and \$600 in an election year, or if the territory of the office sought has a population over 100,000, \$250 per a non-election year and \$1,000 per election year. There are no limits under state law on contributions to a political party or PAC.	Limited to \$4,000 per election segment to Gov./Lt. Gov. (\$2,000 per non-election segment); \$2,500 per election segment for attorney general (\$1,500 per non-election segment); \$2,000 per election segment for Secretary of State and State Auditor (\$1,000 per non-election segment); \$1,000 per election segment to state senate (\$1,000 per non-election segment); \$1,000 per election segment to state rep (no non-election segment); and \$2,500 per election segment to judicial candidate (\$2,500 per non-election segment). An election cycle runs from January 1 of an odd-numbered year to December 31 of the following year. If it contains a general election, it is an election segment, and if it does not, then it is a non-election segment. For local candidates (except judges), limited to \$250 in a non-election year and \$600 in an election year, or if the territory of the office sought has a population over 100,000, \$250 per a non-election year and \$1,000 per election year. There are no limits on contributions to a political party or PAC.
Mississippi	Limited to \$1,000 per candidate per calendar year and \$1,000 annually to a political party.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

Survey of State Contribution Laws

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Corporate contributions to ballot measure committees are permissible

STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
Missouri	<p>Board authorization required.</p> <p>Corporate contributions to state or local candidates and parties are prohibited. Corporate contributions to PACs are permissible and unlimited, except contributions to a corporation's connected PAC are not permissible, and contributions from certain regulated corporations including banks and public utilities to PACs are not permissible. Enforcement of this regulated entity prohibition is enjoined.</p> <p>Furthermore, corporate contributions to PACs are only permissible from domestic corporations and foreign corporations holding valid certificates of authority to do business in the State.</p>	<p>Contributions are limited to \$2,400 per election for state senator, \$2,000 per election for state representative, \$2,650 per election for other state offices and judicial candidates, and \$25,550 per election to all state and local committees affiliated with a single political party.</p> <p>Contributions from a state PAC to a state PAC are prohibited, but this provision has been enjoined.</p>	<p>Contributions are limited to \$2,400 per election for state senator, \$2,000 per election for state representative, \$2,650 per election for other state offices and judicial candidates, and \$25,550 per election to all state and local committees affiliated with a single political party. Contributions to a state PAC are unlimited.</p>
Montana	<p>Prohibited to candidates, unlimited to parties and PACs, though recipient parties and PACs may not use corporate contributions to contribute to candidates.</p>	<p>Limited to \$710 to governor/lt. governor (jointly); \$360 per other statewide candidate; and \$180 per candidate for all other public offices per election (primary and general elections are treated as separate elections as long as candidate is contested in primary). Contributions to state party committees and PACs are unlimited.</p>	<p>Limited to \$710 to governor/lt. governor (jointly); \$360 per other statewide candidate; and \$180 per candidate for all other public offices per election (primary and general elections are treated as separate elections as long as candidate is contested in primary). Contributions to state party committees and PACs are unlimited.</p>
Nebraska	Unlimited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

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Nevada	Limited to \$5,000 per candidate per election. No limits to political parties.	Limited to \$5,000 per candidate per election. No limits to political parties.	Limited to \$5,000 per candidate per election. No limits to political parties.
New Hampshire	Limited to \$5,000 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election, or if the candidate has not agreed to spending limits then \$1,000 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election; \$5,000 per political party or PAC per election. A corporation which contributes \$5,000 or more in a calendar year must register and report as a political committee.	Unlimited to any statewide or legislative candidate, or if the candidate has not agreed to spending limits then \$1,000 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election; unlimited to political parties and PACs.	Limited to \$5,000 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election, or if the candidate has not agreed to spending limits then \$1,000 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election; \$5,000 per political party or PAC per election.
New Jersey	Regulated Companies-Prohibited for regulated corporations such as banks. Non-Regulated Companies-Non-regulated corporations may contribute \$4,900 to governor and Lt. governor jointly, and \$2,600 to any other statewide or legislative candidate per election; \$25,000 to a state political party per calendar year; \$37,000 to a county political party committee per calendar year; and \$7,200 to a municipal political party committee or a state PAC per calendar year.	If registered, limited to \$4,900 to governor and Lt. governor jointly, and \$8,200 to any other statewide or legislative candidate per election; \$25,000 to a state political party per calendar year; \$37,000 to a county political party committee per calendar year; and \$7,200 to a municipal political party committee or a state PAC per calendar year. If not registered, limited to \$4,300 to governor and Lt. governor jointly, and \$2,600 to any other statewide or legislative candidate per election; \$25,000 to a state political party per calendar year; \$37,000 to a county political party committee per calendar year; and \$7,200 to a municipal political party committee or a state PAC per calendar year.	Limited to \$4,900 to governor and Lt. governor jointly, and \$2,600 to any other statewide or legislative candidate per election; \$25,000 to a state political party per calendar year; \$37,000 to a county political party committee per calendar year; and \$7,200 to a municipal political party committee or a state PAC per calendar year.

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STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
New Mexico	Limited to \$5,200 per candidate for an office other than governor (including state, county, and judicial but excluding municipal, school board, and special district) per election; \$10,400 per candidate for governor per election; \$5,200 per PAC per election; \$26,000 per political party or legislative caucus committee per election.	Limited to \$5,200 per candidate for an office other than governor (including state, county, and judicial but excluding municipal, school board, and special district) per election; \$10,400 per candidate for governor per election; \$5,200 per PAC per election; \$26,000 per political party or legislative caucus committee per election.	Limited to \$5,200 per candidate for an office other than governor (including state, county, and judicial but excluding municipal, school board, and special district) per election; \$10,400 per candidate for governor per election; \$5,200 per PAC per election; \$26,000 per political party or legislative caucus committee per election.

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New York	Limited to an aggregate of \$5,000 to all state and local candidates, PACs and political parties per calendar year. Also subject to per candidate limits in PAC column.	<p>Statewide candidates (Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Comptroller, and Attorney General)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary election - The greater of $\frac{1}{2}\%$ x pre enrolled voters in the candidate's party or \$7,500, but no more than \$22,600 (\$9,000 effective November 9, 2022). General Election - up to \$47,100 (\$9,000 effective November 9, 2022). <p>State Senate Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary – up to \$7,500 (\$5,000 effective November 9, 2022). General – up to \$11,800 (\$5,000 effective November 9, 2022). <p>State Assembly Candidate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary – up to \$4,700 (\$3,000 effective November 9, 2022). General – up to \$4,700 (\$3,000 effective November 9, 2022). <p>A party committee may not accept more than \$117,300 per calendar year from a PAC. Contributions to a PAC are unlimited.</p>	<p>Statewide candidates (Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Comptroller, and Attorney General)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary election - The greater of $\frac{1}{2}\%$ x pre enrolled voters in the candidate's party or \$7,500, but no more than \$22,600 (\$9,000 effective November 9, 2022). General Election - up to \$47,100 (\$9,000 effective November 9, 2022). <p>State Senate Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary - up to \$7,500 (\$5,000 effective November 9, 2022). General - up to \$11,800 (\$5,000 effective November 9, 2022). <p>State Assembly Candidate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary - up to \$4,700 (\$3,000 effective November 9, 2022). General - up to \$4,700 (\$3,000 effective November 9, 2022). <p>A party committee may not accept more than \$117,300 per calendar year from an individual. Overall limit of \$150,000 to all state and local candidates, PACs and political parties per calendar year. On May 22, 2014, the New York State Board of Elections voted to stop enforcing this aggregate limit. Contributions to a PAC are unlimited.</p>
North Carolina	Prohibited.	Limited to \$5,600 per PAC or candidate per election. Unlimited to parties.	Limited to \$5,600 per PAC or candidate per election. Unlimited to parties.
North Dakota	Prohibited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

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Ohio	Prohibited.	Limited to \$13,704.41 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election, \$41,113.24 to a state political party per calendar year, \$20,556.62 to a legislative campaign fund per calendar year, and \$13,704.41 to an unaffiliated PAC per calendar year.	Limited to \$13,704.41 to any statewide or legislative candidate per election, \$41,113.24 to a state political party per calendar year, \$20,556.62 to a legislative campaign fund per calendar year, and \$13,704.41 to a PAC per calendar year.
Oklahoma	Prohibited.	Limited to \$5,000 to a state or local candidate (including judicial) per election, \$5,000 to a state or local PAC per calendar year, and an aggregate of \$10,000 to all state or local political party committees associated with a single political party per calendar year. However, a PAC registered for less than one year before a primary election or with fewer than 25 contributors may not contribute to another PAC. Such a PAC is limited to \$2,500 to a state or local candidate (including judicial) per election (primary, runoff primary, and general election are considered separate elections), and an aggregate of \$5,000 to all state or local political party committees associated with a single political party per calendar year.	Limited to \$2,900 to a state or local candidate (including judicial) per election, \$5,000 to a state or local PAC per calendar year, and an aggregate of \$10,000 to all state or local political party committees associated with a single political party per calendar year.
Oregon	Unlimited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Pennsylvania	Prohibited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

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STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
Rhode Island	Prohibited.	Limited to \$1,000 per candidate per calendar year (unless receiving matching funds in which case may contribute \$2,000 after the primary), \$1,000 to a PAC or political party committee per calendar year, and \$25,000 to all candidates, PACs and political party committees in a calendar year.	Limited to \$1,000 per candidate per calendar year (unless receiving matching funds in which case may contribute \$2,000 after the primary), \$1,000 to a PAC or political party committee per calendar year.
South Carolina	<p>Limited to \$3,500 per statewide candidate (shared for a Gov./Lt. Gov. ticket) and \$1,000 per legislative candidate per election (if running unopposed in the primary or general, a single limit applies for both elections), and \$3,500 per PAC or political party per calendar year.</p> <p>On September 13, 2010, a federal district court found the definition of “committee” in South Carolina’s campaign finance law to be unconstitutionally broad. This renders contribution limits to PACs and party committees unenforceable until the definition of committee is amended.</p>	<p>Limited to \$3,500 per statewide candidate (shared for a Gov./Lt. Gov. ticket) and \$1,000 per legislative candidate per election (if running unopposed in the primary or general, a single limit applies for both elections), and \$3,500 per PAC or political party per calendar year.</p> <p>On September 13, 2010, a federal district court found the definition of “committee” in South Carolina’s campaign finance law to be unconstitutionally broad. This renders contribution limits to PACs and party committees unenforceable until the definition of committee is amended.</p>	<p>Limited to \$3,500 per statewide candidate (shared for a Gov./Lt. Gov. ticket) and \$1,000 per legislative candidate per election (if running unopposed in the primary or general, a single limit applies for both elections), and \$3,500 per PAC or political party per calendar year.</p> <p>On September 13, 2010, a federal district court found the definition of “committee” in South Carolina’s campaign finance law to be unconstitutionally broad. This renders contribution limits to PACs and party committees unenforceable until the definition of committee is amended.</p>

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South Dakota	<p>Limited to \$4,000 to a statewide office candidate, \$1,000 to a legislative or county candidate, and \$10,000 per political party or PAC per calendar year. Unlimited to judge running for retention.</p> <p>Effective July 1, 2019, an entity may not contribute to a statewide ballot question committee unless it has been filed as an entity with the secretary of state for the four years preceding the contribution. Enforcement of this provision has been enjoined. Litigation is ongoing.</p>	<p>Unlimited.</p> <p>Effective July 1, 2019, a political committee organized outside South Dakota may not contribute to a statewide ballot question committee. Enforcement of this provision has been enjoined. Litigation is ongoing.</p>	<p>Limited to \$4,000 to a statewide office candidate, \$1,000 to a legislative candidate, and \$10,000 per political party or PAC per calendar year. Unlimited to judge running for retention.</p> <p>Effective July 1, 2019, a nonresident person may not contribute to a statewide ballot question committee. Enforcement of this provision has been enjoined. Litigation is ongoing.</p>

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STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
Tennessee	Corporations which intend to give to multiple state or local candidates or measures may contribute up to \$12,700 per statewide candidate, \$12,700 per state senate candidate, and \$8,300 per state representative, judicial, or local candidate per election. If the corporation will only contribute to a single candidate, it is subject to the individual per election limits. Contributions to state PACs and party committees are unlimited. A corporation that receives contributions or makes expenditures to support or oppose any candidate for public office or measure that exceed \$1,000 in aggregate in a calendar year must register as a PAC. This \$1,000 threshold does not take into account contributions made by the corporation to PACs and party committees.	Multicandidate PACs limited to \$12,700 per statewide candidate, \$12,700 per state senate candidate, and \$8,300 per state representative, judicial, or local candidate per election. Non-multicandidate PACs subject to individual per election limits at right. Contributions to state PACs and party committees are unlimited.	Limited to \$4,300 per statewide candidate, \$1,600 per state senate candidate, and \$1,600 per state representative, judicial, or local candidate per election. Contributions to state PACs and party committees are unlimited.
Texas	Prohibited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Utah	Unlimited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

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STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
Vermont	Limited to \$4,210 to Governor, Lt. Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor of Accounts, or Attorney General; \$1,580 to a candidate for State Senate; \$1,530 to a candidate for county office; and \$1,050 to a candidate for state representative or local office per election cycle (including primary and general). Also limited to \$4,210 to a PAC and \$10,510 to a political party per two-year general election cycle.	Limited to \$4,210 to Governor, Lt. Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor of Accounts, or Attorney General; \$1,580 to a candidate for State Senate; \$1,530 to a candidate for county office; and \$1,050 to a candidate for state representative or local office per election cycle (including primary and general). Also limited to \$4,210 to a PAC and \$10,510 to a political party per two-year general election cycle.	Limited to \$4,210 to Governor, Lt. Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor of Accounts, or Attorney General; \$1,580 to a candidate for State Senate; \$1,530 to a candidate for county office; and \$1,050 to a candidate for state representative or local office per election cycle (including primary and general). Also limited to \$4,210 to a PAC and \$10,510 to a political party per two-year general election cycle.
Virginia	Unlimited.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.

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STATE	CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS	PAC CONTRIBUTIONS	INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTIONS
Washington	Corporations not doing business in Washington may not contribute to state office candidates. Insurance companies are prohibited from contributing for the Office of Insurance Commissioner. Corporations are otherwise generally limited to \$1,000 per legislative candidate, county candidate, city council candidate, mayoral candidate, board of commissioners candidate for a large hospital district, and school board candidate, per election, and caucus political committee, per calendar year; and \$2,000 per candidate for port district office and all other state offices, including judicial candidates, per election. No contribution to a candidate may exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate per candidate during the 21 days before a general election. Contributions to a state party committee, county committee or legislative district committee are limited to \$5,500 per calendar year (except that contributions to the exempt account of the committee are unlimited, except during the period of 21 days before a general election, during which time such contributions are limited to \$5,000). Contributions to a PAC are unlimited (except during the period of 21 days before a general election, during which time such contributions are limited to \$5,000). Contributions from certain affiliates are aggregated for purposes of these limits, as are contributions from the companies and their PACs.	Limited to \$1,000 per legislative candidate, county candidate, city council candidate, mayoral candidate, board of commissioners candidate for a large hospital district, and school board candidate, per election, and caucus political committee, per calendar year; and \$2,000 per candidate for port district office and all other state offices, including judicial candidates, per election. No contribution to a candidate may exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate per candidate during the 21 days before a general election. Contributions to a state party committee, county committee or legislative district committee are limited to \$5,500 per calendar year (except that contributions to the exempt account of the committee are unlimited, except during the period of 21 days before a general election, during which time such contributions are limited to \$5,000). Contributions to a PAC are unlimited (except during the period of 21 days before a general election, during which time such contributions are limited to \$5,000). Contributions from certain affiliates are aggregated for purposes of these limits, as are contributions from the companies and their PACs.	Limited to \$1,000 per legislative candidate, county candidate, city council candidate, mayoral candidate, board of commissioners candidate for a large hospital district, and school board candidate, per election; and \$2,000 per candidate for port district office and all other state offices, including judicial candidates, per election. No contribution to a candidate may exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate per candidate during the 21 days before a general election. Contributions to a PAC or state party committee, county committee, legislative district committee, or caucus political committee are unlimited (except during the period of 21 days before a general election, during which time such contributions are limited to \$5,000).

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West Virginia	Prohibited.	Limited to \$2,800 per state or local candidate (including judiciary) per election; \$10,000 to a state party committee per calendar year. PAC-to-PAC transfers are prohibited, except a state PAC may receive \$5,000 per election from its national affiliate.	Limited to \$2,800 per state or local candidate (including judicial) per election; \$5,000 per PAC per election; \$10,000 per state party committee per calendar year.
Wisconsin	Corporations may contribute \$12,000 per calendar year to a segregated fund established and administered by a political party or legislative campaign committee for purposes other than making contributions to a candidate committee or making disbursements for express advocacy.	Limited to \$86,000 to governor; \$26,000 to Lt. governor; \$44,000 to attorney general; \$18,000 to state treasurer, secretary of state, or superintendent of public instruction; \$2,000 to state senator; and \$1,000 to assembly representative per election cycle (includes primary and general). Contributions to a general fund of a political party or legislative campaign committee are limited to \$12,000 per calendar year; under a separate limit, contributions to a segregated fund of a political party or legislative campaign committee are limited to \$12,000 per calendar year. Contributions to other PACs are unlimited.	Limits for campaigns: \$20,000 to a candidate for statewide office; \$2,000 to state senator; and \$1,000 to state assembly representative per election cycle (includes primary and general). Contributions to parties and PACs and legislative campaign committees are unlimited.
Wyoming	Prohibited.	Contributions to a statewide candidate are unlimited, and contributions to any other candidate, including local, are limited to \$5,000 per election. Contributions to parties and PACs are unlimited.	Limited to \$2,500 per statewide candidate and \$1,500 per non-statewide and local candidate (including judicial candidate running in retention election) per election. Contributions to parties and PACs are unlimited. The aggregate limit was repealed effective March 9, 2015.



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